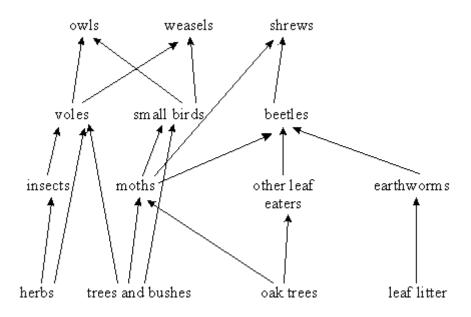
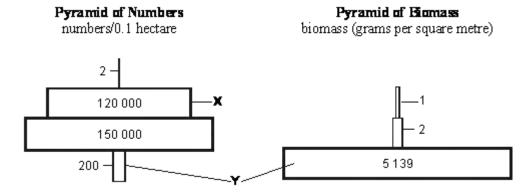
**Q1.** The diagram below shows a food web for a wood.



(a) The diagrams below show a pyramid of the numbers and a pyramid of the biomass for 0.1 hectare of this wood.



(i) Name **one** organism from the level labelled X.

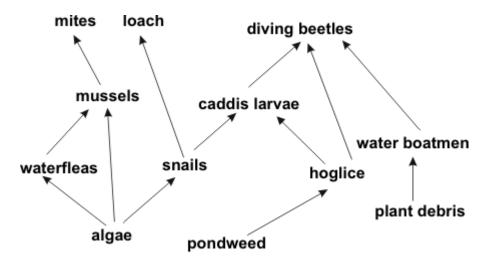
(1)

(ii) Explain, as fully as you can, why the level labelled Y is such a different width in the two pyramids.

E is	Explain, as fully as you can, what eventually happens to energy from the sun which captured by the plants in the wood.	
•••		
•••		
	(Total 14 n	

Page 3

**Q2.** The diagram below shows a food web for some of the organisms which live in a pond.

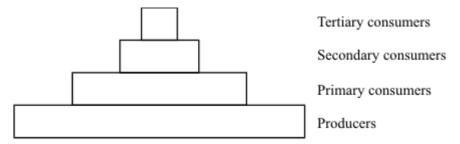


(a)	(i)	Name <b>one</b> secondary consumer in this food web.

(1)

(3)

- (b) This is a pyramid of biomass for the organisms in the aquarium.

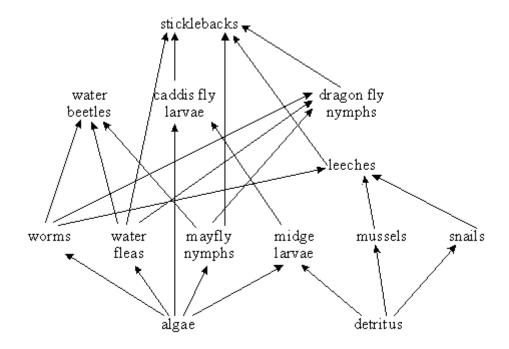


Some of the biomass of the producers is **not** transferred to the tertiary consumers.

Explain, as fully as you can, what happens to this biomass.

(6) (Total 10 marks)

**Q3.** The diagram below shows a food web for some of the organisms which live in a pond.



You may need to use information from the food web to help you to answer the following questions.

(a) The algae photosynthesise. Complete the equation for photosynthesis.

carbon dioxide +	+	light energy	<b>→</b>	sugar	+	
---------------------	---	--------------	----------	-------	---	--

(2)

vhat h	nappens	to the re	st of the	energy o	captured	by the a	lgae.	

##

The diagram shows the flow of energy through a forest. The figures are in kilojoules of energy per square metre per year.

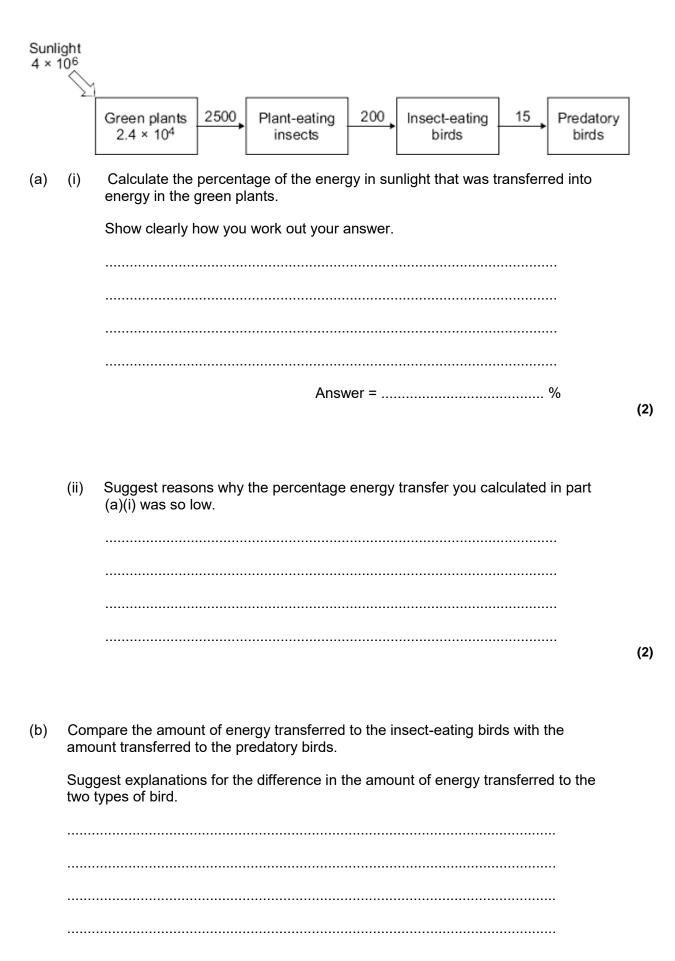


(a)	What percentage of the energy in the trees is passed on as food for the carnivores? Show clearly how you work out your final answer.	
	per cent	(2)
		ν-,
(b)	Give <b>three</b> reasons why so little of the energy in the trees is passed on to the carnivores.	
	1	
	2	

(Total 5 marks)

The diagram shows the annual flow of energy through a habitat. Q5.

The figures are in kJ m<sup>-2</sup>.



••••	•••••	 	
••••		 	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
(3)			
(3) (Total 7 marks)			
(Total / marks)			

**Q6.** The table shows energy transfers in a large insect and a small mammal. Both animals feed mainly on grass.

Energy transfer	Amount of energy in kJ.		
	Large insect	Small mammal	
Eaten as grass	4.00	25.00	
Absorbed into body	1.60	12.50	
Leaves body as faeces	2.40	12.50	
Production of new tissue	0.64	0.25	
Transferred by respiration	0.96	12.25	

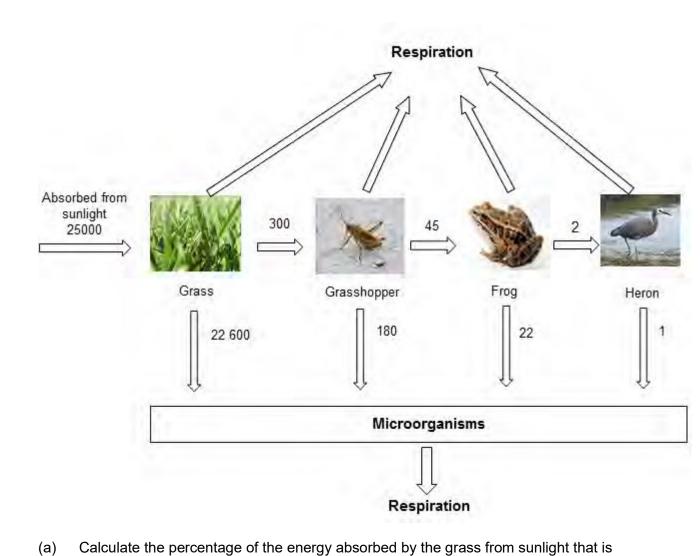
	Answer =
	Show clearly how you work out your answer.
(a)	What percentage of the energy in food is transferred into new tissue in the large insect?

(2)

(b)	The proportion of energy in the food transferred into new tissue is much greathe large insect than in the small mammal.	eater in
	Explain why as fully as you can.	
	You should include references to the data in your answer.	
		-
		(3 (Total 5 marks

**Q7.** The diagram shows the annual energy flow through 1 m² of a habitat.

The unit, in each case, is kJ per m² per year.



(1)

(c) Food chains are usually **not** more than five organisms long.Explain why.

In what form is this energy lost?

	To gain full marks you must use data from the diagram.	
		(2)
(d)	In this habitat microorganisms help to recycle materials.	, ,
	Explain how.	
		(3)
		(Total 8 marks

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